## **ALICE IN NEW LONDON COUNTY**

#### 2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 269,801Number of Households: 105,113Median Household Income: \$70,699 (state average: \$73,433)Unemployment Rate: 6% (state average: 6.4%)ALICE Households: 30% (state average: 30%)Households in Poverty: 9% (state average: 10%)

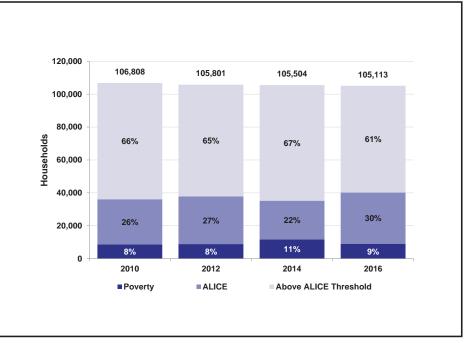
## How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

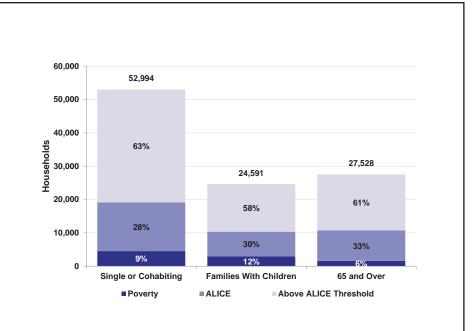
# What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and povertylevel households exist across all of these living arrangements.

#### Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



### Household Types by Income, 2016



## Why do so many households struggle?

#### The cost of living continues to increase...

The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 25 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, New London County			
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 preschooler	
Monthly Costs			
Housing	\$732	\$1,119	
Child Care	\$-	\$1,589	
Food	\$182	\$603	
Transportation	\$341	\$682	
Health Care	\$213	\$792	
Technology	\$55	\$75	
Miscellaneous	\$182	\$570	
Taxes	\$293	\$836	
Monthly Total	\$1,998	\$6,266	
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$23,976	\$75,192	
Hourly Wage	\$11.99	\$37.60	

#### ...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

#### Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Connecticut 211Childcare, 2016.

New London County, 2016

Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Bozrah	1,005	25%
Colchester	5,818	25%
East Lyme	7,330	26%
Franklin	721	26%
Griswold	4,454	48%
Groton	16,051	42%
Lebanon	2,682	27%
Ledyard	5,791	28%
Lisbon	1,554	23%
Lyme	1,066	32%
Montville	6,750	36%
New London	10,600	67%
North Stonington	1,989	35%
Norwich	16,017	54%
Old Lyme	3,191	27%
Preston	1,808	35%
Salem	1,544	24%
Sprague	1,137	38%
Stonington	7,878	35%
Voluntown	971	29%
Waterford	7,813	33%

Note: Municipal-level data on this page is 5-year averages for County Subdivisions. Totals will not match county-level numbers because some places

cross county borders, data is not available for the

smallest places, and county-level data is often

1-year estimates.